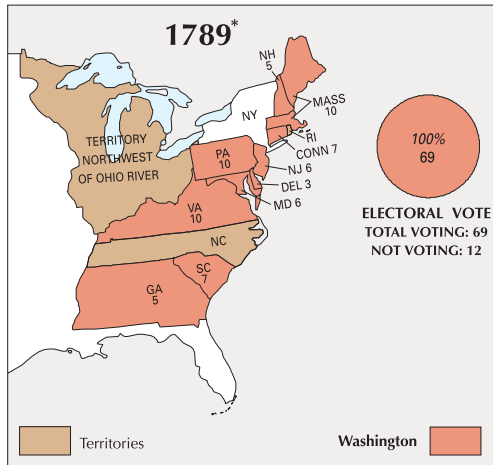
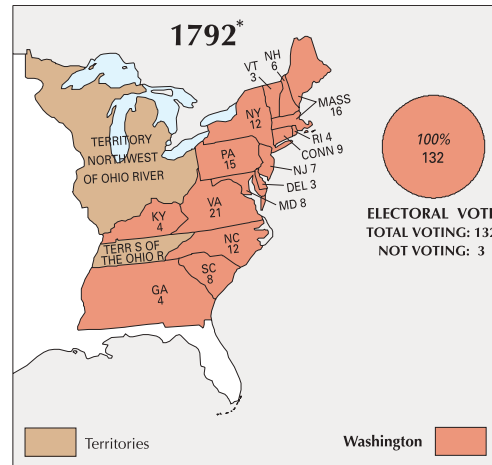


# PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS 1789-1808

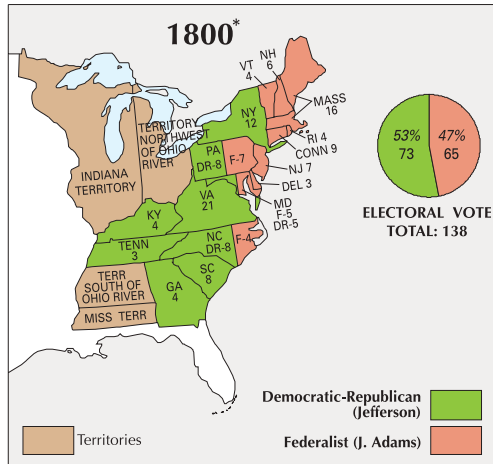
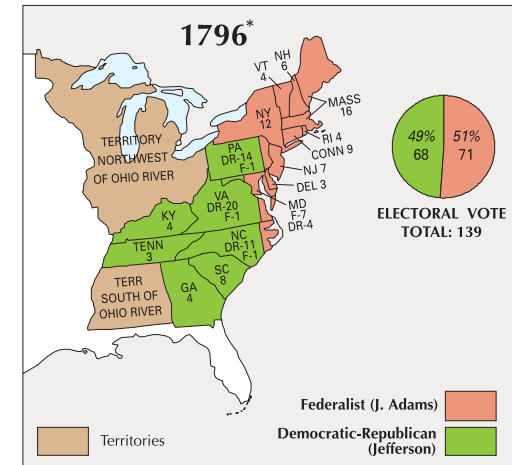
## ELECTORAL VOTES



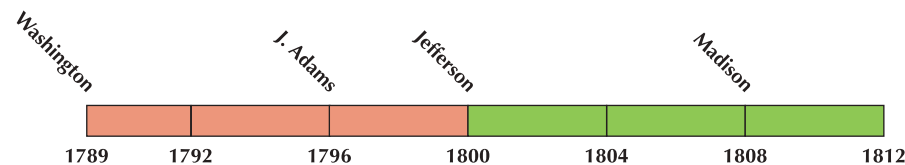
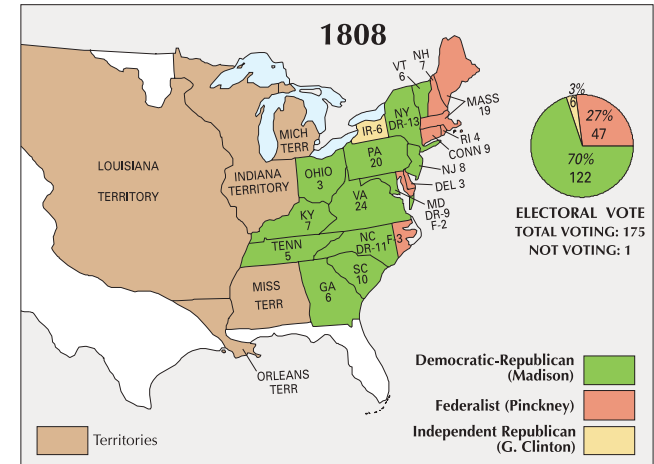
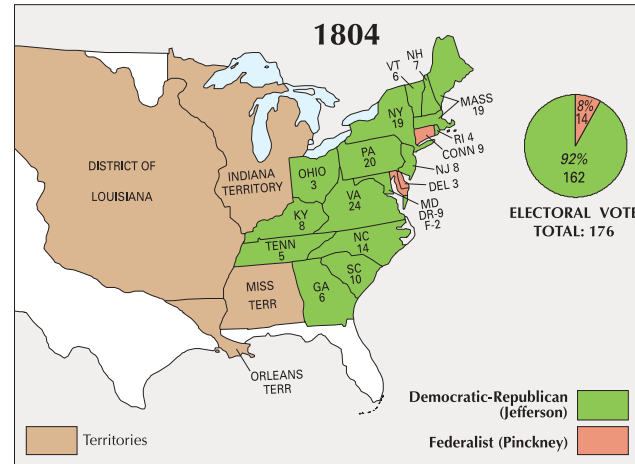
Each voting elector cast one of his two votes for Washington. New York failed to appoint its allotted eight electors in time and cast no electoral votes. North Carolina and Rhode Island did not vote because they had not yet ratified the Constitution.



Each voting elector cast one of his two votes for Washington.



Democratic-Republican candidates Jefferson and Burr each received 73 electoral votes. The election was decided in the House of Representatives, where Jefferson was chosen President.



\*In the elections prior to 1804, each elector voted for two candidates for President. The candidate who received the largest number of votes, if that number was a majority, was declared President, and the candidate who received the second largest number of votes was declared Vice President.

Numbers within states reflect electoral vote by candidate. States are shown proportionately divided if electoral vote was split. 1789 and 1792 maps prepared from National Archives and Records Administration statistics; 1796-1968 maps compiled by Hammond, Inc., 1969.